Course Code: 1940317 Roll No: MLRS-R19



MARRI LAXMAN REDDY INSTITUTE OF TECHNOLOGY AND MANAGEMENT

(AN AUTONOMOUS INSTITUTION)
(Approved by AICTE, New Delhi & Affiliated to JNTUH, Hyderabad)
Accredited by NBA and NAAC with 'A' Grade & Recognized Under Section2(f) & 12(B)of the UGC act,1956

II B.Tech II Sem Supply End Examination, July 2022 Fluid Mechanics and Hydraulic Machines (MECH)

Time: 3 Hours. Max. Marks: 70

Note: 1. Question paper consists: Part-A and Part-B.

2 a) Derive the expression for viscosity of a fluid.

b) Describe stream Line and Path line using neat sketches.

- 2. In Part A, answer all questions which carries 20 marks.
- 3. In Part B, answer any one question from each unit. Each question carries 10 marks and may have a, b as sub questions.

PART-A

(10*2 Marks = 20 Marks)

1.	a)	Define Kinematic Viscosity of liquid?	2M	CO1	BL1
	b)	Differentiate between Atmospheric pressure and gauge pressure?	2M	CO1	BL2
	c)	What is meant by fluid dynamics?	2M	CO2	BL1
	d)	Differentiate between unsteady flow and non-uniform flow?	2M	CO2	BL2
	e)	Write the function of Pitot tube?	2M	CO3	BL1
	f)	Mention the various types of thicknesses of Boundary layer.	2M	CO3	BL1
	g)	What are the examples of Impulse and Reaction Turbines?	2M	CO4	BL1
	h)	Define unit speed and unit discharge of a turbine	2M	CO4	BL1
	i)	What is meant by Pump?	2M	CO5	BL1
	j)	What is specific speed in Pump?	2M	CO5	BL1

PART-B

(10*5 Marks = 50 Marks)

5M

5M

CO₂

CO1

BL₆

BL₂

4	aj	Derive the expression for viscosity of a state			
	b)	Explain fluid properties Surface tension and Capillarity.	5M	CO1	BL4
3		OR The right limb of a simple U-Tube manometer containing mercury is open to the atmosphere while the left limb is connected to a pipe in which a fluid of specific gravity 0.9 is flowing. The centre of he pipe is 12 cm below the level of mercury in the right limb. Find the pressure of fluid in the pipe if the difference of mercury level in two limbs is 20 cm.	10M	C01	BL3
4	a)	Derive the equation of Continuity for one dimensional flow.	5M	CO2	BL6

5		State the momentum equation. How will you apply momentum equation for determining the force exerted by a floating liquid on a pipe bend?	10M	C02	BL1
6	a)	Explain the effect of pressure gradient on boundary layer separation.	5M	CO3	BL4
	b)	Explain with neat sketch Reynolds experiment to classify flow.	5M	CO3	BL4
		OR			
7		Derive an expression of Co-efficient of Discharge of Venturi meter.	10M	CO3	BL6
8	a)	Derive an expression for the force exerted by the jet of water on stationary inclined plate.	5M	CO4	BL6
	b)	What is draft-tube? Why is it used in a reaction turbine?	5M	CO4	BL1
		OR			
9		A Pelton wheel generates 8000 KW under a net head of 130 m at a speed of 200 rpm. Assume the coefficient of velocity for the nozzle 0.98, hydraulic efficiency 87%, speed ratio 0.46 and jet diameter to wheel diameter ratio is 1/9. Determine i) Discharge required ii) Diameter of the wheel iii) Diameter and number of jets required iv) specific speed; Mechanical efficiency is 75%.	10M	CO4	BL3
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10	a)	Compare Centrifugal and reciprocating pumps.	5M	CO5	BL2
	b)	Draw and discuss the performance characteristic curves of centrifugal pump.	5M	C05	BL2
		OR			
11		A single acting reciprocating pump running at 50 rpm, delivers 0.01 m 3 /s of water. The diameter of the piston is 200 mm and stroke length 400 mm. determine the theoretical discharge of the pump	10M	CO5	BL3
		and co-efficient of discharge, slip and percentage slip of the pump.			

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