

MARRI LAXMAN REDDY INSTITUTE OF TECHNOLOGY AND MANAGEMENT

(AN AUTONOMOUS INSTITUTION)
(Approved by AICTE, New Delhi & Affiliated to JNTUH, Hyderabad)
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III B. Tech II Sem Supply End Examination, January 2023 Machine Learning

(Computer Science and Engineering)

Time: 3 Hours. Max. Marks: 70

Note: 1. Question paper consists: Part-A and Part-B.

- 2. In Part A, answer all questions which carries 20 marks.
- 3. In Part B, answer any one question from each unit. Each question carries 10 marks and may have a, b as sub questions.

PART- A

(10*2 Marks = 20 Marks)

| 1. | a) | What are the capabilities and limitations of ID3? | 2M | CO1 | BL1 |
|----|----|---|----|-----|-----|
| | b) | Describe Reduced Error Pruning? | 2M | CO1 | BL2 |
| | c) | Under what conditions the perceptron rule fails and it becomes necessary to apply the delta rule. | | | BL1 |
| | d) | Define Delta Rule. | 2M | CO2 | BL1 |
| | e) | State Least Square Error Hypothesis. | 2M | CO3 | BL1 |
| | f) | What is a Naïve Bayes Classifier? Give an Example. | | CO3 | BL1 |
| | g) | Justify the need for Genetic Programming in Learning? | | | BL5 |
| | h) | Write the applications of Q-Learning. | 2M | CO4 | BL1 |
| | i) | Define the weakest preimage of a conclusion. | 2M | CO5 | BL1 |
| | j) | Compare and contrast purely analytical and purely inductive learning | 2M | CO5 | BL2 |

PART- B

(10*5 Marks = 50 Marks)

CO₂

5M

BL2

| | | 1 | | | | | | | |
|----|----|---|-----|-----|-----|--|--|--|--|
| 2 | a) | List the issues in Decision Tree Learning. Explain briefly how they are overcome. | 5M | CO1 | BL2 | | | | |
| | b) | | | CO1 | BL2 | | | | |
| | | (i) Avoiding over fitting in Decision Trees (ii) Handling Training Examples with Missing Attribute Values | | | | | | | |
| OR | | | | | | | | | |
| 3 | | What is the procedure of building Decision tree using ID3 with Gain and Entropy? Illustrate with example. | 10M | CO1 | BL2 | | | | |
| 4 | a) | Design a two-input perceptron that implements the boolean function A $\Lambda \neg B$ and also a two-layer network of perceptron's that implements A XOR B. | 5M | CO2 | BL6 | | | | |

b) Differentiate between Gradient Descent and Stochastic Gradient

Descent

5M

OR

- Explain the following implementations of Back propagation 10M CO2 BL4 algorithm:
 - (i) Convergence and Local Minima
 - (ii) Hypothesis Space Search and Inductive Bias
- 6 a) Elaborate the concepts of:

5M CO3 BL4

CO₃

BL3

- (i) Prior Probability
- (ii) Conditional Probability
- (iii) Posterior Probability
- b) Consider the training data in the following table where Play is a class attribute. In the table, the Humidity attribute has values "L" (for low) or "H" (for high), Sunny has values "Y" (for yes) or "N" (for no), Wind has values "S" (for strong) or "W" (for weak), and Play has values "Yes" or "No". What is class label for the following day (Humidity=L, Sunny=N, Wind=W), according to naïve Bayesian classification?

| Humidity | Sunny | Wind | Play |
|----------|-------|------|------|
| L | N | S | No |
| Н | N | W | Yes |
| Н | Y | S | Yes |
| Н | N | W | Yes |
| L | Y | S | No |

OR

- Describe K-nearest Neighbour learning Algorithm for continues 10M CO3 BL2 valued target function. Discuss the major drawbacks of K-nearest Neighbour learning Algorithm and how it can be corrected.
- 8 a) Explain Rank based selection using Genetic Algorithm.
 5M CO4 BL2
 b) Discuss in detail about the genetic mechanisms and models of SM CO4 BL2 evolution in learning.

OR

- 9 What is Reinforcement Learning and explain Reinforcement 10M CO4 BL4 learning problem with neat diagram
- 10 a) "Explanation determines feature relevance." Substantiate this 5M CO5 BL3 statement with respect to explanation based learning.
 - b) Demonstrate the EBNN algorithm

5M CO5 BL3

OR

List the main properties of PROLOG-EBG algorithm? Is it deductive 10M CO5 BL5 or inductive? Justify your answer.