COURSE CONTENT

SURVEYING AND GEOMATICS								
III Semester: CE								
Course Code	**Category**	**Hours/ Week**			**Credits**	**Maximum Marks**		
2530115	**Core**	**L**	**T**	**P**	**C**	**CIA**	**SEE**	**Total**
		3	0	0	3	40	60	100
Contact Classes: 45	**Tutorial Classes: Nil**	**Practical Classes: Nil**				**Total Classes: 45**		
Prerequisites: NIL								

Course Overview :
Surveying and Geomatics introduces principles and methods of measuring, mapping, and spatial data analysis. The course covers land surveying, leveling, traversing, GPS, remote sensing, GIS, and total station operations, enabling students to collect, process, and interpret geospatial data for planning, design, and construction projects accurately.

Course Objectives: The objective of this Course is to

- Understand the fundamentals of surveying including its objectives, classifications, principles, and accessories used.
- Apply techniques for measurement of distances, directions, and angles using various conventional and modern instruments.
- Perform levelling and contouring to determine elevations and prepare topographical maps.
- Compute areas and volumes using different methods applicable in engineering projects like earthworks.
- Handle theodolite and tachometric surveys and perform traversing and curve setting.
- Use modern surveying instruments such as Total Station and GPS for accurate data collection and analysis.

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Course Outcomes: At the end of the course, the student will be able to:

- Classify and describe different types and phases of surveying, and explain conventional symbols and scales.
- Measure linear distances and directions using chains, tapes, compasses, and EDM methods, and apply corrections accurately.
- Perform differential levelling and contouring using various instruments and compute heights using HI and Rise & Fall methods.
- Calculate areas and volumes using MDM, DMD methods and Planimeter; compute earthwork quantities and reservoir capacities.
- Use theodolite for angle measurements, trigonometric levelling, and traverse computations including adjustments.
- Apply principles of tachometry and set out horizontal curves in the field.

- Utilize Total Station and GPS for advanced survey work and differentiate between modern and traditional surveying methods.

UNIT - I

Introduction and Basic Concepts: Introduction, Objectives, classification and principles of surveying, Scales, Shrinkage of Map, Conventional symbols and Code of Signals, Surveying accessories, phases of surveying.

Measurement of Distances and Directions

Linear distances – Approximate methods, Direct Methods- Chains-Tapes, ranging, Tape corrections, indirect methods- optical methods- E.D.M. method.

Prismatic Compass-Bearings, included angles, Local Attraction, Magnetic Declination and dip.

UNIT - II

Levelling and Contouring Leveling- Basics definitions, types of levels and levelling staves, temporary adjustments, methods of levelling, booking and Determination of levels- HI Method-Rise and Fall method, Effect of Curvature of Earth and Refraction.

Contouring- Characteristics and uses of Contours, Direct& Indirect methods of contour surveying, interpolation and sketching of Contours.

Computation of Areas and Volumes

Areas -Determination of areas consisting of irregular boundary and regular boundary (coordinates, MDM, DMD methods), Planimeter.

Volumes - Computation of areas for level section and two-level sections with and without transverse

slopes, determination of volume of earth work in cutting and embankments, volume of borrow pits, capacity of reservoirs.

UNIT- III

Theodolite Surveying: Types of Theodolites, Fundamental Lines, temporary adjustments, measurement of horizontal angle by repetition method and reiteration method, measurement of vertical Angle, Trigonometrical levelling when base is accessible and inaccessible.

Traversing: Methods of traversing, traverse computations and adjustments, Gale's traverse table, Omitted measurements.

UNIT-IV

Tachometric Surveying: Principles of Tachometry, stadia and tangential methods of Tachometry.

Curves: Types of curves and their necessity, elements of simple curve, setting out of simple Curves,

UNIT-V

Modern Surveying Methods: Total Station and Global Positioning System: Basic principles, classifications, applications, comparison with conventional surveying. Electromagnetic wave theory – electromagnetic distance measuring system-principle of working and EDM instruments, Components of GPS–space segment, control segment and user segment, reference systems, satellite orbits, GPS observations. Applications of GPS.

TEXT BOOKS:

1. Surveying with Geomatics and R First Edition (2022) by Marcelo de Carvalho Alves, Luciana Sanches.
2. Surveying and leveling by R. Subramanian, Oxford university press, New Delhi.
3. Chandra A M, "Higher Surveying", Newage International Pvt.Ltd. Publishers, New Delhi,2002.
4. Hoffman. B, H. Lichtenegga and J. Collins, Global Positioning System - Theory and Practice, Springer -Verlag Publishers, 2001.

REFERENCE BOOKS:

1. Arthur R Benton and Philip J Taety, Elements of Plane Surveying, McGraw-Hill–2000.
2. Arora K R "Surveying Vol 1,2&3, Standard Book House, Delhi,2004.
3. Surveying (Vol–1,2&3), by B.C. Punmia, Ashok Kumar Jain and Arun Kumar Jain-Laxmi Publications (P) ltd., New Delhi.
4. Chandra A M, "Plane Surveying", New Age International Pvt.Ltd., NewDelhi,2002.
5. Surveying by Bhavikatti; Vikas publishing house ltd.
6. Duggal S K, "Surveying (Vol–1&2), Tata Mc Graw Hill Publishing Co. Ltd. New Delhi,2004.
7. Surveying and leveling by R. Agor Khanna Publishers 2015.

MATERIALS ONLINE:

1. Course template
2. Tutorial question bank
3. Definitions and terminology
4. Assignments
5. Model question paper–I
6. Model question paper–II
7. Lecture notes
8. E-Learning Readiness Videos(ELRV)